

Mum Hum

Mauro Hertig

Soundscape of an Unborn

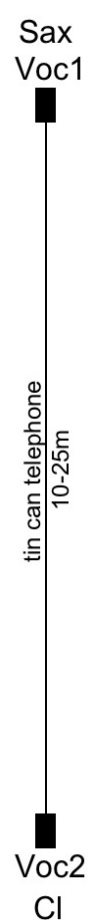
for 4 performers

Kompositionsauftrag der Stadt Witten für die Wittener Tage für neue Kammermusik 2021,
mit Unterstützung der Schweizer Kulturstiftung Pro Helvetia

Komponiert für das Ensemble Garage Köln

Bb-Clarinet
 Alto-Saxophone
 Vocal performer 1 (m/f/x)
 Vocal performer 2 (m/f/x)

Duration 8'



Mum Hum is performed outside or inside, if the possibility of a long tin can telephone in the space is given.

The tin cans are always held by Voice 1 and Voice 2. They hold it either onto their own mouth/ear, or onto the ear or bell of their respective partner, Clarinet or Sax.

The audience moves around the musicians as they please. Throughout the piece, the audience never hears what is transmitted through the tin can telephone - only how the performers imitate what is coming through.

The score should be learned by heart for maximum freedom of movement of the bodies.

Material for tin can telephone:

- 2 large empty tin cans, 10-15cm diameter
- Fishing line, strong
- 2 staples

Make a tiny hole in each of the tin cans. Insert the fishing line. Once through the hole, tie each end of the fishing line to the side part of one of the staples. Applying a little pressure, the tin can wire can now be used to transmit sound.

Score in Transposition

Imitation Chains

The entire piece is built on imitation chains. One performer plays their music from the score, while the others, in order of the chain, imitate their predecessor. There are three types of imitations appearing at different stages of the piece (All of them are also explained in the score):

- Immediate and continuous imitation of the predecessor. Reaction time between 0.5 - 1 sec
- Pulse-synchronized imitation. Imitate with respect to the tempo of the pulse; with one quarter note delay
- Imitation from memory. After an entire passage of the predecessor has passed, imitate it from memory

While in all cases similarity in the chain should be aspired, the limits of the individual instruments and of the human perception will falsify the original. These distortions and mistakes become part of the performance, which is a welcome result and integral part of this piece.

- Sax and Cl: When imitating Voc1 / Voc2, do not sing or talk, but imitate as well as possible through the instrument; blowing of phonemes in front of mouthpiece is possible. Feel free to use techniques from your written score parts in the imitation sections.

-Voices: When imitating Cl and Sax, make sure to pay as much attention to the noise / click / air sounds as well as to the pitch

Octaving:

When the sound of your predecessor in the imitation chain is too high / low for your range, use octavation to the nearest-by octave. But please only when really necessary.

Rehearsal Process:

Imitations processes should be rehearsed, but always only by listening to the predecessors, never by reading from their score.

Clarinet / Saxophone:

- ☒ full pitch
- ☒ half air
- ☐ only air
- ☒ no air, key clicks only

(Eat_ me) text in parenthesis serves as orientation for expression and phrasing, is not spoken

Voice 1 / 2:

- ☒  without inhaling / exhaling air. All sound produced by the mouth cavity only
-  spoken syllable downwards
-  spoken syllable upwards
-  spoken syllable with stable pitch

vib  *molto* speaking vibrato: whichever pitch you land on, hold it and do an extreme vibrato

 square fermata: tacet/sustain until other performer triggers next action

Mum Hum

Mauro Hertig
2021

1

Starting position on each end of the tin can telephone:
Sax has ears held onto back of Voc1
Cl has ears held onto back of Voc2

♩ = 111 rubato
sotto voce: played like a voice heard through the wall from another room

● ———— ○ ———— ● ———— ○ ————

[. /] in front of mouthpiece

dry slap ord

3 4

Alto-Sax

(Tell ———— them to lis - ten)

p < *ppp* *pp* < *mf* > *p* *mf* *mf* > *ppp* < *p* *pp* > *ppp* *mp*

3 4

2 very long

ord

3 4

3 4

Voice 1

on mouth

Imitate Sax immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

Bb-Clarinet

on ear

Imitate Voc2 immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

Voice 2

Imitate Voc1 immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

6 3 4

Sax

3 4

2 "f" ord

5 4

3 FT

tacet

3 4

mp *ppp* < *mf* > *ppp* *ppp* *mf* (Tell ———— them to feed me) < *mf*

Voc1

tacet on ear

Cl

Voc2

tacet on mouth

2

9 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

Sax

Voc1

Cl.

Voc2

Imitate Cl immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

Imitate Cl immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

attacca as soon as last sound of Saxophone has arrived
♩ = 111 rubato
sotto voce: played like a voice heard through the wall from another room

FT *mf* *ppp* *mf* *mf* (Eat — mum —) *mf* (Feed- me sound)

slap ord 7:6 long

Imitate Cl immediately and continuously
Consider sound, pitch and dynamics, also special sounds like key clicks, breathing etc.

13 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

Sax

Voc1

Cl.

Voc2

on mouth

tacet

NO AIR

key clicks

dry slap *mf* *p* *mf* *mp* *p* *mp* *pp* *sfzppp* *sfzpp* *sfz* *mf*

dry "f" "psss..." "...t"

tacet

on ear

tacet

3

come prima

→ Voc1 → Voc2 → Cl

7

attacca as soon as last sound of Clarinet has arrived

Sax

17

3/4

key clicks only

2/4

p *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *3* *ppp* *ppp* *ppp* *p* *p*

Sax

21

3/4

slap ord

(Tell them to feed me sound)

p *ppp* *mf* *p* *ppp* *ppp* *mf* *p* *ppp*

4

→ Voc2 → Voc1 → Sax

Cl.

25

3/4

♩ = 130 exact in pulse

ord

slap

ord

slap

color fingerings

ord

FT

(Play my meal) (On one, two, three o' clo - ck, four o' clo - ck, ro - ck)

mf *pp* *pp* *ppp* *mf* *pp* *p* *pp* *mf* *pp* *mf* *ppp*

5

→ Voc1 → Voc2 → Cl

Sax

30

4/4

♩ = 130 exact in pulse

color fingerings

slap

ord

slap

ord

slap

ord

slap

(Five, si - x, se - ven o' clo - ck, eight o' clo - ck, ro - ck) (Tick, tock, tick, tock,

pp *mf* *pp* *p* *pp* *mf* *pp* *p* *ppp* *mp* *ppp*

Sax

34

3/4

♩ = 65

slap

ord

tr

tr

tick, tock, it is day)

mf *ppp* *p* *pp* *p* *mp*

6 → Voc2 → Voc1 → Sax

Cl. 36 $\text{♩} = 65$

2/4 4/4

slap open slap closed → open ord 3 closed 3

(Tick, tock, tick, tock, tick, tock, it is night)

mp pp mp pp $\text{mp} > \text{pp} < \text{p}$ ppp $\text{pp} > \text{ppp} < \text{p}$

Cl. 39 rit. $\text{♩} = 55$

2/4 1/4

slap 3 open 6 ord closed ord ord

(Rock, rock, rock a - round the clock to - night)

mf p pp ppp $\text{pp} < \text{p}$ $\text{mf} > \text{p}$ ppp pp p ppp mf p mf

7 → Voc1 → Voc2 → Cl

Sax 43 $\text{♩} = 55$

1/4 2/4

p mf

8

→ Voc2 → Voc1 → Sax

Cl. $\text{♩} = 55 \text{ rit.}$ $\text{♩} = 48$

3

p mf mp ppp p p

9 → Voc1 → Voc2 → Cl 10

Sax 46 $\text{♩} = 48$

1/4 3/4

mp mf

10

→ Voc2 → Voc1 → Sax

Cl. $\text{♩} = 48$

dry slap

p

G.P.

2/4

Sax & Cl move, now standing next to Voc1/Voc2

Voc1 holds can in front of Sax bell

Voc2 holds can on ear of Cl

11 Imitation chain new order, execution come prima
→ **Sax** → **Cl** → **Voc2**

9

♩ = 65
SPEECH
spoken like an instruction
understandable for audience nearby <10m
overemphasize accented phoneme

No air in-/exhalation
sound from movement of mouth only

Voc1 49 2/4

T - ell them t - o li - s - ten

mf pp mf pp mf pp

"nägnägnäng..."

mf

Voc1 holds can on ear of Sax

Voc2 holds can in front of Cl bell

2/4

12 → **Cl** → **Sax** → **Voc1**

SPEECH
spoken like an instruction
understandable for audience nearby <10m

No air in-/exhalation
sound from movement of mouth only

SPEECH
come prima

Voc2 51 2/4

Tell them to li - s - ten

pp mf pp

"nägnägnäng..."

mf

Ea - t me

pp mf pp

3/4

13 → **Sax** → **Cl** → **Voc2**

♩ = 65
SPEECH
come prima

Voc1 53 3/4

Ea - t me

pp mf pp

Tell them

pp

t - o

mf pp

f -

ff ppp

< p > ppp

mf

Voc1 55 2/4

- - - a

f

f - - eed me

mf pp ff pp

"nanana..."

mf

3/4

14 → **Cl** → **Sax** → **Voc1**

♩ = 55
SPEECH
come prima

SING
morph vowel

sim 3

SPEECH
come prima

SING
morph vowel

Voc2 58 3/4

Ea - t Mum

pp mf pp

M - a y - e - ah

ppp sempre

Feed me sound

pp

M - y Ma - ma

ppp

4/4

Voc2

62 $\frac{4}{4}$

f *ppp*

t - o - - l - d m - e

sim

$\text{♩} = 65$
SPEECH
come prima

$\frac{3}{4}$

Tell them to f - eed me s - ound

pp *mf pp* *mf pp*

$\frac{3}{4}$

15 → Sax → Cl → Voc2

Voc1

64 $\frac{3}{4}$

$\text{♩} = 65$
SPEECH
come prima

Tell them to f - eed me s - ound

pp *mf pp* *mf pp*

P - lay my meal On

mf pp *pp*

SMOTHERED SINGING $\frac{4}{4}$

Voc1

66 $\frac{4}{4}$

$\text{♩} = 130$

one, t - wo, three o' clo - ck, four o' clo - ck, ro - ck

f pp *f pp* *f pp* *f*

F - ive, si - x, se - ven o' clo - ck,

f pp *f pp* *f*

16

69 $\frac{3}{4}$

continue imitation

$\text{♩} = 111$

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Voc1

Voc1

$\text{♩} = 111$

eight o' clo - ck ro - ck

pp *f pp* *f*

Sh - e' - s my ro - ck' n' roll ma - ma, sh - e' - s the s - wee - te - st ba - by in

f pp f *f pp* *f pp f* *f pp f pp*

Cl

continue imitation

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Sax

Voc2

continue imitation

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Cl

17

73

Sax

Imitation
come prima
without pulse

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{4}{4}$

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Cl

Voc1

town
f pp

ex- / inhale air in mouth cavity

tststs... ft ft ft ft ft

mf *f* *mp*

on ear of Sax

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Sax

Cl

tacet

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation:
Imitate ♩ after Voc2

Voc2

on bell of Cl

♩ = 111
attacca
continue pulse from before
SMOTHERED
SINGING

Sh e' - s my ro - ck' n' roll ma - ma, sh e' - s the swee te - st ba - by in

f pp f *f pp* *f pp f* *f pp f pp*

18

77

Sax

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{4}{4}$

sim

Voc1

tacet

on bell of Sax

Wan-na
pp

Cl

mp *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp*

Voc2

tacet

t-own
f pp

19

BAR LINES DO NOT REPRESENT SYNCHRONICITY BETWEEN THE GROUPS IN THIS SECTION

play in direction of Clarinet; attacca next box when Cl moves to next box (=plays forte)

♩ = 111 *rit.*

Sax 81 $\frac{4}{4}$ sim. imitate Voc1

Voc1 *f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *poss* *ma* *ze* *p* *ff*

Cl sim. imitate Voc1

Voc2 sim. imitate Voc1

No tempo
attacca
whisper text slowly, in direction of Voc2
A cacaphony of slushes, beats and burps mark the passage of food, blood and air. In and out through the...
ff *poss*

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Sax
♩ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Sax is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

attacca when Voc1 whispers

No tempo
Imitate Voc1 from air transmission
come prima, without pulse

sim.

20

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Clarinet
♩ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Cl is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

No tempo
Imitate Voc1 from air transmission
come prima, without pulse

sim.

play in direction of Sax; attacca next box when Sax moves to next box (=plays forte)
different fingering than before
cont. rit.

Sax 83

Voc1

Cl *f* *mf* *mp* *p* *pp* *ppp*

No tempo
attacca
whisper text slowly, in direction of Voc1
... of passages and tubes just inches from the baby's ears. The fetus can also hear noises from the world outside; conversa-...
ff *poss*

♩ = 55
attacca
ord
tion - s
ff *ppp*

21

come prima; attacca next box when Cl moves to next box (=plays forte)
cont. rit. - - - - -

●
multiphonic
with central note
sounding c'

84

Sax

sim.

f *mf* *mp* *p* *pp* *ppp*

No tempo
attacca
whisper text slowly, in direction of Voc2
... Loud noises and music filtered and distorted
through the mother's abdomen. Higher sounds
will be most muffled by the lay-...
ff poss

♩ = 55
attacca
ord.
er - s
mf *ff*

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Sax
♩ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Sax is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

No tempo
Imitate Voc1 from air transmission
come prima, without pulse

sim.

22

85

Sax

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Clarinet
♩ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Cl is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

No tempo
Imitate Voc2 from air transmission
come prima, without pulse

attacca next active bar *

come prima; attacca next bar when Sax moves to next box (=plays forte)
cont. rit. - - - - -

●
multiphonic
with central note
sounding c'

Cl

f *mf* *mp* *p* *pp* *ppp*

No tempo
attacca
whisper text slowly, in direction of Voc1
... of skin and fat. Only the lower bass notes of a piece of music will have much im-...
ff poss

attacca next active bar *

23

come prima; attacca next box when Cl moves to next box (=plays forte)

cont. rit. - - - - -

●
multiphonic
partly containing
sounding c'

86

Sax

sim.

f *mf* *mp* *p* *pp* *ppp*

Voc1

inactive
bar

Cl

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Sax
↓ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Sax is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

Voc2

inactive
bar

24

87

Sax

AS SOON AS VOC2 DOES A LARGE GLISS UPWARDS (= bar89), ATTACCA *

Pulse-Synchronized Imitation of Clarinet
↓ delay
transmission through air (no tin can)
play until Cl is inaudible, then proceed attacca to next box

Voc1

inactive
bar

Cl

AS SOON AS VOC2 DOES A LARGE GLISS UPWARDS (= bar89), ATTACCA *

cont. rit. - - - - -

●
multiphonic
with central note

f *mf* *mp* *p* *pp* *ppp*

Voc2

inactive
bar

2
4

25

88

Sax $\frac{2}{4}$ inactive bar $\frac{3}{4}$ * Imitate Voc2 from air transmission come prima, without pulse $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ G.P. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

Voc1 * Imitate Voc2 come prima, without pulse sim

Cl inactive bar * Imitate Voc2 come prima, without pulse

Voc2 * $\text{♩} = 55$ attacca ord f ppp $\text{♩} = 40$ tempo rubato "slow motion" morph phoneme sim y - e - ah! $p < f$

pa - ct M - m - a

26

93

Sax $\frac{3}{4}$ Imitate Voc1 sim. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

Voc1 $\text{♩} = 40$ tempo rubato "slow motion" morph phoneme sim M - y M - a - m - a T - o - l - d m - e $p < f$ $p < f$ $sffz$ $mf < f$ p mf $mf < f$

Cl Imitate Voc1 sim.

Voc2 Imitate Voc1 sim.

27

97

1/4

G.P.

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

Imitate Voc2
sim.

Imitate Voc2
sim.

Imitate Voc2
sim.

♩ = 40 tempo rubato "slow motion"

morph phoneme

sim

Y - e - - - - ah!

mf < *f* *p*

attacca when Voc2 reaches pitch f'

♩ = 65

"sch" trills ad lib.

①

②

③

3

6/4

ff *ppp* *f* *pp* *mf*

tacet

tacet

tacet

28

100

7/4

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

attacca when Sax becomes inaudible

♩ = 55

open trills ad lib

①

②

③

3

f *ppp* *mf* *pp* *mp*

attacca when Clarinet becomes inaudible

Imitate whole last phrase of Clarinet from memory but **slower** and **slightly softer**

BAR LINES REPRESENT SYNCHRONICITY
FROM HERE TILL END OF PIECE

3 BAR LINES REPRESENT
4 FROM HERE TILL

♩ = 65 sempre

102

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

FROM HERE TILL END OF PIECE

3/4 ♩ = 65 sempre

on ear

attacca when Sax becomes inaudible
Imitate whole last phrase of Sax from memory
but **slower** and **slightly softer**

attacca

WALK BACKWARDS
AWAY FROM THE ENSEMBLE
always facing Voc2

Left foot front heel

Right foot front heel

on mouth

The musical score is for four parts: Sax, Voc1, Cl, and Voc2. The score is divided into measures, with a measure number '105' at the top left. The parts are written on staves with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). The Sax part features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed in groups of three. The Voc1 and Voc2 parts feature a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, often beamed in groups of three, with a 'p' (piano) dynamic marking. The Cl part features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed in groups of three, with a 'sim' (simultaneous) marking. The score includes several boxes labeled 'Time-synchronized Imitation: play the sound of Voc1 delay', 'Time-synchronized Imitation: play the sound of Voc2 delay', and 'Time-synchronized Imitation: play the sound of Cl's footsteps; delay'. These boxes are connected by dashed lines to the corresponding musical notation in the other parts, indicating a time-synchronized imitation effect.

32

108

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

sim

3

p

1/4

3/4

tacet

2/4

1/4

sim

3

p

off

tacet

FOOTSTEPS

3

L

3

R

3

L

ord

3

pp

pp

f

pp

mp

pp

pp

bisp.

fast

slow

fast

ord

3

sim

off

p

Spoken deep voice

3

I hear

mf

foot - step-sss

3

sl - ow

mf

vib.

molto

3

ly

3

wal - king

mp

33

113

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

Imitate the whole last phrase (8 beats) by the Clarinet;
what you heard from the distance

1/4

3/4

2/4

tacet

1/4

Imitate the whole last phrase (8 beats) by Voc2;
what you heard from the distance

tacet

FOOTSTEPS

3

R

3

L

3

R

STOP

Time-synced Imitation come prima

sim

3

p

sim

3

p

sim

3

p

WALK BACKWARDS,
AWAY FROM THE ENSEMBLE
always facing Voc1

34

Sax 117 $\frac{1}{4}$

Left foot front $\frac{3}{4}$ heel

Right foot front heel

sim L $\frac{2}{4}$

Voc1 on mouth

Time-synced Imitation; play the sound of Sax' footsteps; $\downarrow$ delay

sim

sim

Cl

Time-synced Imitation of Voc 2; $\downarrow$ delay

sim

Voc2 on ear

Time-synced Imitation of Voc 1; $\downarrow$ delay

sim

sim

35

FOOTSTEPS

Sax 121 $\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{4}$ R

$\frac{3}{4}$ L

$\frac{2}{4}$ R

ord

vib.

open slap

open slap

ord

vib.

pp

p

pp

fff

fff

pp

pp

Voc1

Spoken deep voice

vib. molto

vib. molto

vib. molto

vib. molto

As they ge - ntly walk a - cro - ss the lone-ly floor

mf sempre

Cl

sim

tacet

Voc2

off

tacet

36

FOOTSTEPS

37

Time-synced Imitation come prima

2
4

125

1
4

Sax

3

3

3

STOP

3

pp

Voc1

3

p

3

p

3

p

3

pp

3

pp

Cl

Imitate the whole last phrase (9 beats) by the Sax; what you heard from the distance

WALK come prima L

sim R

Voc2

Imitate the whole last phrase (9 beats) by Voc1; what you heard from the distance

on mouth

Time-synced Imitation, play sound of Cl's footsteps; delay

sim off

38

131

1
4

Sax

sim

3
4

pp

Voc1

FOOTSTEPS

L

R

L

Cl.

ord

bisp. fast

slow

ord

bisp. slow

fast

ord

pp

p

pp

pp

ff

pp

tacet

Voc2

Spoken deep voice

And a voi - - ce is so - - ftly say - ing

mf

p

mf

p

mf

tacet

Imitate the whole last phrase (8 beats) by the Clarinet;
what you heard from the distance

Imitate the whole last phrase (8 beats) by Voc2;
what you heard from the distance

FOOTSTEPS

R

L

R

STOP

Time-synchronized Imitation come prima

sim

sim

pp

pp

pp

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

135

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{2}{4}$

tacet

$\frac{1}{4}$

41

40

WALK come prima

Right foot front heel

Time-synced Imitation; come prima; delay

Time-synced Imitation of Voc 2; delay

Time-synced Imitation of Voc 1; delay

on ear

FOOTSTEPS

L

R

L

ord

pp

vib.

pp

mp

pp

Spoken deep voice

vib. molto

mf

p

mf

mp

mf

Dar-ling thi

s will be good-bye

for-e-ver more

Sax

Voc1

Cl

Voc2

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

42

FOOTSTEPS

145

1/4

3

R

3/4

L

R

2/4

STOP

1/4

Sax

Voc1

Voc2

Time-synced Imitation come prima

sim

sim

pp

pp

pp

Imitate the whole last phrase (9 beats) by the Sax;
what you heard from the distance

Imitate the whole last phrase (9 beats) by Voc1;
what you heard from the distance

REPEAT UNTIL SAX OR CLARINET ARE SO FAR AWAY THAT VOC1 OR VOC2 CANNOT HEAR THEIR FOOTSTEPS ANYMORE; AS A RESULT, THEY STOP IMITATING THEM, THE CHAIN IS INTERRUPTED; TUTTI TACENT; END OF PIECE

The musical score is for a piece titled "WALK". It features four staves: Saxophone (Sax), Vocals 1 (Voc1), Clarinet (Cl), and Vocals 2 (Voc2). The score is divided into two measures, 149 and 150, both in 4/4 time. Measure 149 starts with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). Measure 150 starts with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and a common time signature (C). The Saxophone part consists of a series of eighth notes and rests. The Vocals 1 part includes a triplet of eighth notes, a rest, and a triplet of eighth notes, with a "pp" (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The Clarinet part includes a triplet of eighth notes, a rest, and a triplet of eighth notes, with a "pp" dynamic marking. The Vocals 2 part includes a triplet of eighth notes, a rest, and a triplet of eighth notes, with a "pp" dynamic marking. Annotations include "on ear", "on mouth", and "Time-synced Imitation" for the vocal parts. The Saxophone part is annotated with "WALK Time-synced attacca" and "L/R 3/4". The Clarinet part is annotated with "WALK come prima L". The Vocals 1 part is annotated with "Time-synced Imitation of Voc2 come prima" and "Time-synced Imitation, play sound of Sax' footsteps;". The Vocals 2 part is annotated with "Time-synced Imitation, play sound of Cl's footsteps;".